Saltaire

History

We went on a trip to Saltaire in order to enhance our local history topic. Some of us had never visited Saltaire before and could not believe how beautiful it was. We visited numerous historical sites and learnt about why they were built and the impact this had on Saltaire. We followed a map and annotated it with key information, which we will use in class to create a non-chronological report.







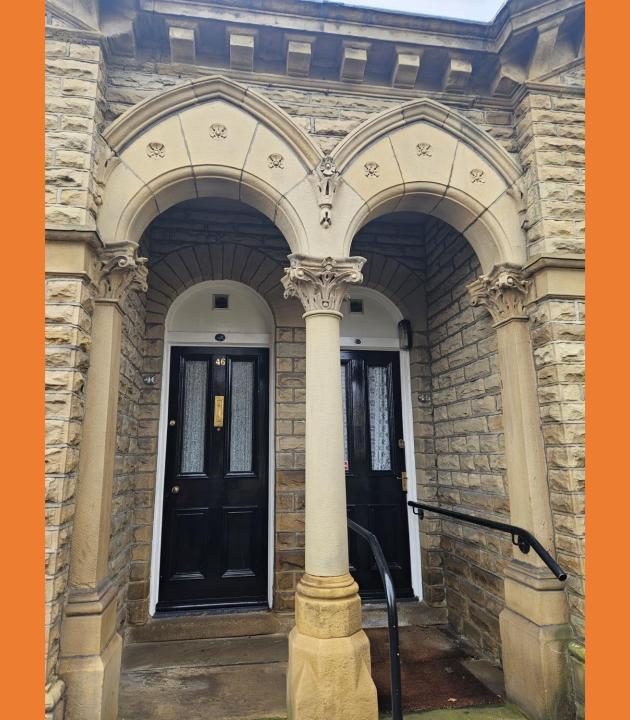


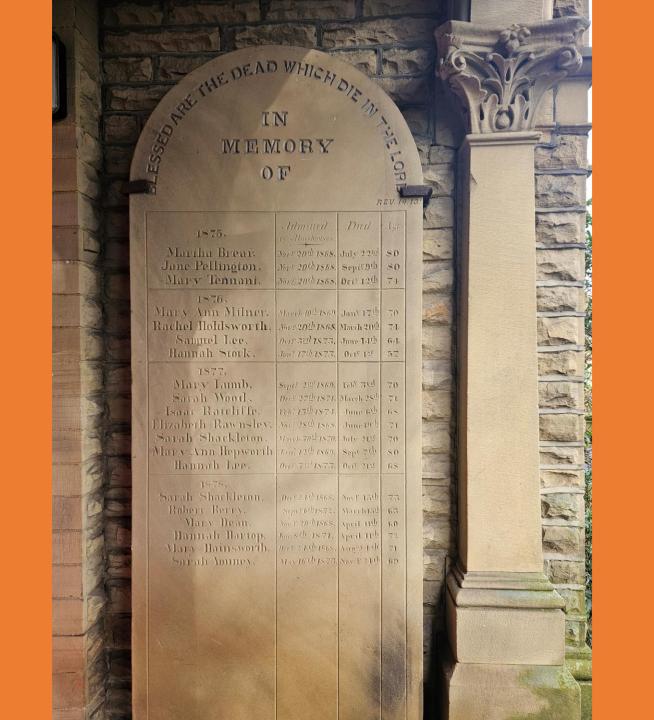


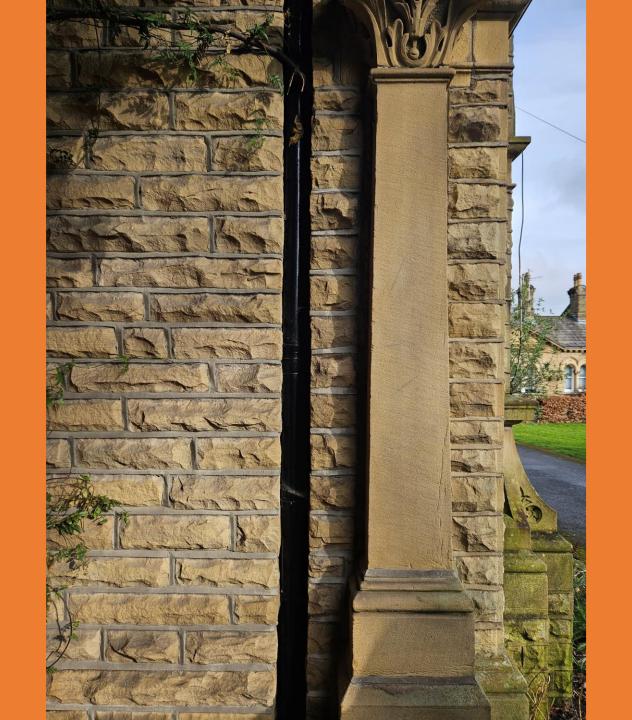




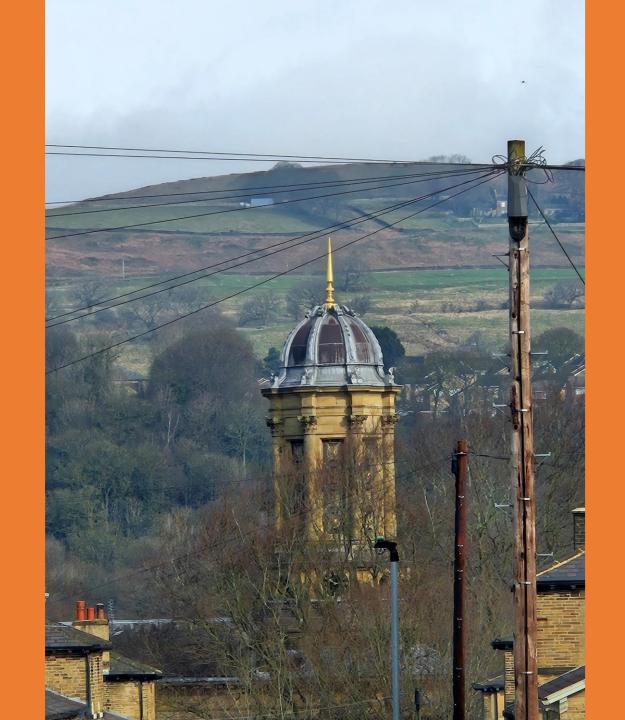
















SALTAIRE United Reformed Church

A Brief History

Work began on this beautiful Church in 1856 and it was opened and dedicated to the Glory of God on Wednesday 13 April 1859. Sir Titus Salt, the founder of Saltaire and of the mill opposite, paid for the building at a cost then of just over £16,000. He is interred, along with members of his family, in the mausoleum on the south side of the church.

Before its construction, the congregation gathered in temporary accommodation. From as early as 1854 they met in a house at 10 Caroline Street before moving in 1856 to the building on your left, the Salt's Mill dining rooms.

The Church is a Grade I listed building and is maintained by the generosity of members and the goodwill of the public. In 1972 it became the United Reformed Church following the uniting of the Congregational and Presbyterian churches in England and Wales.

